July 4, 1751. THE Numb. 27.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Hanover, May 10, 1751.

Mr. *HUNTER*,

WE had a violent Storm of Rain, Thunder, and Lightning here Yeſterday: And as this Climate is expoſed to frequent Alarms from the Artillery of Heaven; and as the Grandeur and Solemnity of the Scene have rendered ſuch Deſcriptions, when vivid and juſt, peculiarly agreeable to me; I took particular Notice of its Riſe and Progreſs, and the various majeſtic *Phænomena* attending it, to furniſh Materials for the Muſe. Immediately after, I digeſted them into the following Poem; interſperſed with a few ſerious Reflections, which the ſolemn Scene ſeemed naturally to ſuggeſt.——If you think it will afford any Entertainment to the more thoughtful of your Readers, or excite ſome happier Genius to do Juſtice to the magnificent Theme, and reſcue it from the Abuſe of a languid Muſe, you may inſert it in the *Gazette*.——I am, Sir,

Your conſtant and approving Reader, *&c.*

I.

NOW when the War of Elements is o'er,
And Heav'n's Artillery ceaſe to flaſh and roar;
Calm'd by His ſovereign Nod, who bids
Th' etherial Forces rage or fall;
Who in dread Majeſty ſerenely rides
On wild unruly Hurricanes and Storms;
While all their moſt outragious Forms
Gently obey His mighty Call,
To purge the Air, or ſhake this guilty Ball,
To ſcathe the ſturdy Oak, or blaſt audacious Worms:
Now recollect, my Muſe, the ſolemn Scene,
And call the gloomy Tempeſt up again.

II.

The ſolemn Scene appears! My Eyes
Behold the glomerating Deluge riſe,
And heavy Oceans floating up the Skies.
Firſt, diſtant Murm'rings from the Weſt
With rumbling Sound break thro' the Air,
And bid the World *prepare*:
Strait ſhudd'ring Expectation heaves the Breaſt;
Preſaging Horror ſtares intenſe,
And thro' the Window looks, from whence
The vap'ry Magazines advance:
When lo! th' aerial Oceans roll,
Lour deeper ſtill, and gain upon the Sky,
And on the Weſt-Wind's Wings, above Controul,
Draw nearer ſtill and nearer, as they fly.
Now Fear begins to palpitate,
And often darts a doubtful Eye,
If haply the approaching Terrors yet
May diſſipate, or paſs obliquely by.

III.

But faſter ſtill the thickening Clouds advance,
And caſt a darker Frown;
With fiercer Glare the livid Light'nings glance;
And Winds approach with hollow, ſolemn Sound:
Now thro' the bending Groves they ſweep,
And rock the trem'bling Dome,
Here blend the Foreſt in a ſhatter'd Heap,
Whirl Clouds of Duſt on high, and wrap
All Æther in a dark tremendous Gloom.
A diſmal Twilight lours; the Sun
Thro' the thick Duſk in vain emits his Ray,
Abſorp'd in ſullen Clouds, the Day
Sickens and faints at Noon.

IV.

And now above and all around
Majeſtic Thunders roll with murm'ring Sound;
Convulſe the Air, and rock the Ground.
Now rumbling in the dark aerial Hall,
'Till ſcatt'ring far away
The horrid Murmurings decay
And die away and fall.
Now quick as Thought, to the keen Flaſh
Sudden ſucceeds the horrid Craſh
Cruſh'd terrible, and ſhocks the Heart;
Amaz'd, aghaſt, and ſtunn'd we ſtart,
Entranc'd, and doubtful if we live,
And the oppreſſive Shock ſurvive.

V.

Still the dire Lightnings with malignant Glare
In flaming Curves wheel thro' the Air;
Here a fierce Streak of angry Fire
In various Windings cuts the Cloud;
Another here, another there
Darts on the winking Eye, till all the Hemiſphere
One wide-expanded Sheet of vengeful Flame appear;
While Peals on Peals ſtill undiſtinguiſh'd crowd,
And Heav'n's eternal Cannons roar aloud.

VI.

Now conſcious Guilt the ling'ring Bolt awaits;
And hardly hopes Eſcape;
Struck with dire-boding Horror, palpitates,
And ſhrinks at each impending Clap.
The Sword of Juſtice brandiſh'd high
Draws fiery Circles thro' the Air;
And as the curving Light'nings fly,
And threatening Thunder murmurs thro' the Sky,
The guilty Boſom pants with conſcious Fear.
Ye hardy Sinners, yield and bow:
Nor dare Omnipotence to ſtrike the Blow,
And blaſt your guilty Breath.
Say, Are you able to withſtand
Th' almighty Vengeance of that Hand
Which whirls the Bolt, and guides it where
The flaming Embaſſy to bear,
To rive the ſtately Pine, or tear
Th' aſpiring Dome, or blaſt th' audacious Wretch with Dea
With cheerful Mind obey His ſacred Laws;
Or Heaven and Earth will join t'avenge His Cauſe.

VII.

Happy the guiltleſs Conſcience now!
Serene he hears his Father's thund'ring Voice;
Amid the Terrors calm, he dares rejoice,
When loudeſt Thunders roar, and fierceſt Tempeſts blow:
His ſmiling Eyes with ſolemn Joy ſurvey
The harmleſs Light'nings flaſh along and play,
And to the World his Guardian's Pow'r diſplay.
Should angry Fire and Thunder rend
Heav'n's Convex, and in one Confuſion blend
Heav'n, Earth, and Sea and Air;
Should all the Wheels of Nature break,
Smiling he'd view the univerſal Wreck,
Still ſafe and happy in the Thund'rer's Care.

VIII.

Now toward the South the pregnant Clouds
Retire, and leave the middle Sky;
Diſcharging ſtill prolific Floods,
On Hills and Valleys, Fields and Woods,
And drop down Fatneſs as they fly.
Serpentine Curves of Fire worm thro' the Cloud,
And Sheets of Flame expand abroad;
Now ſhut and open, open ſtill and ſhut,
And an immenſe Effulgence dart about.

IX.

Now ſafe from Harm, Prophaneneſs hears
The diſtant Thunder roar;
Pale Guilt renounces all her Fears,
And palpitates no more.
Miſtaken Guilt! t' erect thy Creſt,
And proudly boaſt the Danger o'er:
Behold a fiercer Tempeſt gathering faſt!
And more tremendous Thunders roar!
Behold the Judge! He comes! He comes
In vengeful Flames and ſtormy Glooms!
The Clouds His Chariot, and the Winds His Wheels;
See! how before Him Light'nings flaſh and play;
And Thunders loud proclaim, PREPARE THE WAY!
As down He rides from the eternal Hills.

X.

Supreme, Almighty, venerable Name!
Proprietor of Earth, and Sea, and Sky,
Commander of the Magazines of Flame,
That in th' aerial Regions lie;
With Awe profound Thy Greatneſs I adore,
Who wings the Storm, and bids the Thunder roar,
And keeps the outragious El'ments ſubject to Thy Pow'r.

His

His Excellency's SPEECH *to the Council and General Assembly of the Province of* New-York, *on Thursday the 30th of* May, 1751.

Gentlemen of the Council, and General Assembly,

IT is with the greateſt Concern, that I am to acquaint you with the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales: The Grief upon this melancholy Occaſion, is great and general. It is however, a great Comfort to his Majeſty's faithful Servants, to hear that His Health is entirely re-eſtabliſhed; and that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, and all the Reſt of the Royal Family, are as well as can be expected in the preſent Circumſtances. I moſt heartily condole with you upon this unfortunate Occaſion.

The ſecuring the Fidelity of the Six Nations of Indians to the Britiſh Intereſt, is ſo abſolutely neceſſary for the Safety and Proſperity of this Province, that every Step ſhould be taken that will contribute to that End.

As I am to meet the Indians at Albany, the latter End of next Month, I thought it for his Majeſty's Service, to call you together before I went, that you might enable me in the moſt effectual Manner, to ſecure and preſerve their Fidelity. I imagine you are not unacquainted with the Methods the French take to bring thoſe Nations over to their Intereſt; and we, on our Parts, ſhould purſue every Method to counteract them. The Steps I have taken with the neighbouring Governors for that Purpoſe, will appear by the Papers which I ſhall order to be laid before you.

Gentlemen of the General Aſſembly,

There is no Proviſion made (as has uſually been done) for the contingent Charges which daily occur in taking Care of the Indian Affairs: I muſt therefore recommend to you, to make Proviſion for this Service.

The Sum granted the laſt Seſſion, for Preſents to the Six Nations of Indians, I do not think ſufficient at this Time, to anſwer the Ends you propoſe: Therefore, it becomes you, Gentlemen, that will ſooneſt feel the Effects of their going over to the French, to act properly on this Occaſion.

You ſee, Gentlemen, with what Earneſtneſs I preſs this Subject upon you; and I hope I ſhall have the Pleaſure of ſeeing the deſired Effects of it: I think it of ſuch viſible Advantage, and ſo neceſſary to the common Good and Safety of your Country, that I ſhould have juſtly blamed myſelf, if I had not preſſed it at this Time.

Gentlemen of the Council, and General Aſſembly,

The Time of Meeting the Indians requires all poſſible Diſpatch, in coming to ſuch Reſolutions as you ſhall think proper on the Matters I have recommended to your Conſideration.

G. CLINTON.

To his Excellency the Hon. GEORGE CLINTON, *Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Province of* New-York, *and Territories thereon depending in* America, *Vice Admiral of the ſame, and Admiral of the White Squadron of his Majeſty's Fleet.*

The humble ADDRESS of the Members of his Majeſty's Council for the Province of *New-York.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Members of the Council for the Province of New-York, return your Excellency our humble Thanks for your Speech.

It is with great Grief and Concern, we condole with your Excellency, the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales. May his Majeſty, her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, and all the Reſt of the Royal Family, long enjoy Health.

The ſecuring the Fidelity of the Six Nations of Indians to the Britiſh Intereſt, is a Point of ſo much Importance to the Safety and Proſperity of this, and every other of his Majeſty's Colonies upon this Continent, that we cannot heſitate in thinking, but that every Member of the Community, will do every Thing in his Power, to enable your Excellency, at this critical Juncture, to ſecure and preſerve it in the moſt effectual Manner.

We are not unacquainted with the indefatigable Endeavours of the French, to ſeduce our Indians; nor with the Methods your Excellency has been pleaſed to propoſe to this, and the neighbouring Colonies, in Order to prevent their fatal Conſequences; for which our moſt humble Thanks are due.

We, on our Parts, beg Leave to aſſure your Excellency, that there ſhall be Nothing in our Power wanting, to encourage and ſupport thoſe Meaſures your Excellency has been pleaſed to lay before us, for gaining and preſerving the Friendſhip of the Indians in general to the Britiſh Intereſt.

Council-Chamber, City of New-York, 31*ſt* May, 1751. *By Order of the Council,* Cadwallader Colden, *Speaker.*

His Excellency's ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

I thank you for this Addreſs; and I am exceedingly pleaſed, that the Meaſures I have taken for the ſecuring the Fidelity of the Indians, are ſo agreeable to you.

Fort-George, in the City of New-York, 1ſt June, 1751. G. CLINTON.

To his Excellency the Hon. GEORGE CLINTON, *Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Colony of* New-York, *and Territories thereon depending in* America, *Vice Admiral of the ſame, and Admiral of the White Squadron of his Majeſty's Fleet.*

The humble ADDRESS of the General Aſſembly of the ſaid Colony.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the General Aſſembly of the Colony of New-York, return your Excellency our Thanks for your Speech.

It is with the utmoſt Concern, that we receive the melancholy Account of the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales: We are moſt deeply afflicted at this great and heavy Misfortune. Though it is a very ſenſible Aleviation of our Grief, to hear that his Majeſty is perfectly reſtored to his Health, and that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, and the reſt of the Royal Family, are as well as can be expected in their preſent Circumſtances: We ſincerely condole with your Excellency on this greatly lamented Event.

The ſecuring the Indian Nations in the Britiſh Intereſt, is not only of the utmoſt Importance to this, but to all his Majeſty's Colonies on the Continent of America; and therefore the joint Endeavours of all concerned in the Conſequences, ought to be exerted, for attaining this great and important End.

We thank your Excellency, for your particular Attention to this Subject, in endeavouring to prevail on all his Majeſty's Governments on this Continent, to join in the intended Treaty at Albany; and are perfectly well ſatisfied with the Steps you have taken for that Purpoſe: And though the Succeſs has not fully anſwered your Excellency's Expectations, we humbly conceive that the Proviſion already made by us, with the Contributions of ſuch other of his Majeſty's Governments as ſeem diſpos'd to join in the intended Treaty, under a frugal Management, will be ſufficient for the preſent, to ſatisfy the Six Nations who depend immediately on this Colony: And if any Thing further ſhall be thought neceſſary at the uſual Seaſon of providing for the current Services of the Year, it ſhall then be conſider'd with due Attention; at which Seaſon alſo, we humbly conceive will fall moſt properly under our Conſideration, the Proviſion neceſſary for the ordinary Services which may occur in the Management of Indian Affairs.

On conſidering the Clauſe of the Act mentioned in your Excellency's Meſſage of the firſt Inſtant, it appears to us, that no Impoſition is thereby laid on Goods ſold to Indians; but it having been repreſented to the General Aſſembly in their laſt Seſſion, that many Perſons in the City and County of Albany, uſually ſold large Quantities of Indian Goods, to divers Perſons not being Indians; by which Means the ſaid Goods became exempted from Duty; which Goods, when ſold, were conveyed into the remote Indian Countries, and there, or on the Way thither, either ſold to the French, or others, to the great Prejudice of the Indian Trade at Oſwego, and Diminution of the Revenue ariſing therefrom: The Clauſe mentioned by your Excellency, was intended to remedy the Inconvenience, and to ſubject Goods ſo ſold, to the ſame Duties as if they were immediately ſold to Indians; and therefore, we conceive the Mohawk Indians cannot be affected by the Operation of that Clauſe, and that their Uneaſineſs proceeds from a Miſtaken Conſtruction of it; a proper Explanation of which by your Excellency, we preſume, will be ſatisfactory to them: and we are perſuaded, that your Excellency's beſt Endeavours will be exerted for removing this, and every other Uneaſineſs that you may perceive among any of the Six Nations: And we aſſure your Excellency, that our Aſſiſtance ſhall not be wanting, to remove any juſt Cauſe of Complaint which they may have againſt any Perſons trading with them from this Colony.

We are now, in Conjunction with his Majeſty's Council of this Colony, preparing an humble Addreſs of Condolence, to be preſented to our moſt gracious Sovereign, on the melancholy Incident of the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales; when that is compleated, we hope we ſhall have your Excellency's Permiſſion to return to our reſpective Families, until the publick Service ſhall require our further Attendance.

City-Hall, in New-York, 4*th of* June, 1751. *By Order of the General Aſſembly,* DAVID JONES, *Speaker.*

His Excellency's ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

I thank you for this Addreſs, and for the Satisfaction you expreſs in the Steps I have taken, in Order to join all his Majeſty's Governments in the intended Treaty at Albany. I gave you all the Light in my Power, to ſhew the Neceſſity of your adding to the Allowance made for this Service, at a Time when the French are indefatigable, with a great Expence, to our Prejudice. I have too many Reaſons to fear, that the Sum you have granted, is not ſufficient: However, particular Care ſhall be taken in the Diſpoſal of it, moſt effectually for preſerving the Fidelity of the Indians, and the Good of this Province.

G. CLINTON.

LISBON, February 14.

IT is impoſſible to expreſs the Bleſſing which all Ranks of People beſtow upon the King, for having begun to ſet Bounds to the uſurped Power of the infernal Tribunal of the Inquiſition. It is hoped that his Majeſty will not reſt there; for if he would prohibit the Confiſcation of Goods, no Body would be condemned in that Court.

Hague, Feb. 20. We have Aſſurance that France takes the utmoſt Pains to bring the Barbary Republicks into her Intereſt, and to that End has made certain advantageous Propoſitions to them, and that ſhe would amply indemnify them for any Loſſes they might ſuſtain in breaking with Great Britain. We are alſo aſſur'd, that the Britiſh Court perceiving this Negociation, has changed its Tone in Regard to theſe Africans, and has ordered Mr. Keppel to paſs over certain Pretenſions, and to do every Thing in his Power to defeat the Deſign of France.

Madrid, March 9. Upon the freſh Complaints made by Mr. Keene, about the Engliſh Ships viſited and ſeiz'd in the Weſt-Indies by our Privateers or Guarda de la Coſtas, the Court has ſent over Orders for puniſhing with Death the Captains of ſuch Privateers, if it ſhall appear, that they ſeiz'd or ſtopp'd ſuch Engliſh Ships upon illegal Pretences.

Berlin, March 9. A few Days ago a Turkiſh Officer arrived here; upon which the Wits of our ſpeculative Politicians were immediately ſet to work, ſome imagining one Thing, ſome another, and all ſeeming to agree, that his Errand muſt be relative to the opening of a Campaign this Spring: But he is only an Enſign in the Janizaries, who obtained a Furlow to travel hither, in Order to ſell ſome fine Turkiſh Horſes which he has brought with him——Could he find no Market for them nearer Home?

Vienna, March 20. The Government has fined and inflicted corporal Puniſhments on ſixteen Perſons lately taken up, who were Members of an

an odd Kind of Society, conſiſting of Men and Women, link'd together by the Principle of having all their Goods and Eſtates in common; from whence reſulted another Way of poſſeſſing Things in common, which they indulged as far as they pleaſed. They aſſembled ſeveral Days in the Week, and, after ſome ſtrange and ridiculous Ceremonies, any Women admitted into the Society under the Denomination of *Siſter*, was bound, upon a *Brother*'s holding out a little Silver Hand to her, to keep his Company the reſt of that Day, and conform to his Will and Pleaſure in all Things. The Men went by the Name of *Brothers* of the *Black Hat*, and the Women were called *Siſters* of the *Black Fig*. Such being their Principles and their Pranks, it was high Time for the Government to take them in Hand, and ſuppreſs ſo ſcandalous a Society.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated March 26. N. S.

"A grand Conference is appointed to be held the 30th Inſtant at the Duke of Bedford's; where will be preſent, the principal Members of the Privy Council, in Order to conſider of certain Propoſitions that are to be made to the Court of Spain, for obviating once for all the Difficulties to which the Commerce and Navigation of the Engliſh in the American Seas are expoſed, notwithſtanding the Stipulations in the Treaty ſigned at Madrid the 5th of October laſt. At the ſame Conference or Council, they are likewiſe to enquire into the Validity of the Seizure of 21 Engliſh Veſſels, taken by the Spaniards in the Bay of Honduras, as we mention'd ſome Time ago: For though theſe Captures make a great Noiſe, and occaſion much Murmuring, the Miniſtry will not take it upon them to make Complaints at Madrid, without firſt enquiring with what Deſign thoſe Veſſels ſail'd into the Gulph or Bay of Honduras, who were the Owners of them, what Goods they had on Board, and whether it can be clearly proved that they were ſent upon the contraband Trade? And if it ſhall appear that the Seizure was illegal, and that their being employed in a contraband Trade was only a Pretext of the Spaniards to detain them, 'tis not doubted, but that the Affair will be ſeriouſly proſecuted at the Court of Madrid, as in this Caſe one may expect full Satisfaction from that Court, purſuant to the Promiſe made to Mr. Keene."

Paris, April 2. Divers Accounts confirm the Loſs of a great many Barks loaded with Corn, on the Loire, betwixt Painbœif and Nantes, occaſioned by a very extraordinary Squall of Wind.

The Province of Tourrainne are upon preſenting a Memorial to the King, with the Particulars of their deplorable Sufferings, and Loſſes by the late Hurricane, ſhewing, withal, that this Calamity has rendered them unable to pay the Taille for ſome Time.

A Poſt-Chaiſe, with Poſtillion and Horſes, has been found in the Loire; beſides a ſingle Horſeman with his Horſe, many Perſons known to be Labourers in the ſame Dyke have been taken out of the ſaid River. A Man who was upon the Dyke was ſuddenly blown away, without any Tidings of him ſince. Some Perſons of Veracity affirm, that the Earth ſhook under them; all agree that the Impetus of this Storm, and conſequently the Havock thereof, was beyond any Thing they remember.

LONDON, March 25.

Letters from Semlin bring Advice, that the Turks are greatly in Motion on the Frontiers, and that a conſiderable Body of Janiſſaries are aſſembled on the Borders of the Danube.

Extract of a Letter from Waterford, in Ireland, March 24.

"The Linen-Trade, which was introduced in this Place in the Year 1746, has increaſed to ſuch a Degree, as ſurpaſſes our moſt ſanguine Hopes; and amongſt the many good Conſequences attending ſo valuable a Manufacture to the Poor (which are very apparent to us, who live upon the Spot) it is gaining Place of the Woollen-Manufacture, now carried on to a great Extent in this Country, though under ſo many Reſtraints; and if Liberty was granted to export ſtriped and check'd Linens from this Kingdom, the Woolen-Manufactures in England, I am perſuaded, would ſoon find the Benefit of it. The People here muſt eat, and it is the ſame Thing to them, whether they get their Bread from the Linen or Woollen-Manufacture; one of them, I think, they ought to have without Reſtraint, otherwiſe they muſt keep what Share they can of both."

Extract of a Letter from Tunis, Feb. 16. N. S.

"Our Corſairs have lately brought in ſeveral Prizes, among which there are ſome rich ones. This Succeſs encourages them to continue their Cruizes, and divers Veſſels are actually fitting out for that Purpoſe. Nevertheleſs, we are not quite free from Uneaſineſs, becauſe we hear that the Chriſtian Powers are preparing not only to clear the Mediterranean of Pyrates, but even to attack us in our Ports with powerful Squadrons, and make Deſcents upon our Coaſts. It is confidently aſſerted that Spain in Particular is making great Armaments in her Ports, and marching Troops towards the Sea Coaſt; that her Men of War are to be joined by ſeveral Portugueze, Venetian and Genoeſe Ships; and that this great Armament is deſigned againſt Algiers, or againſt our Port: But as ſuch a Rumour was ſpread laſt Year, and nothing followed, we ſtill hope it will prove as groundleſs this Year. However, we take all the neceſſary Precautions againſt the worſt that may happen, and they are doing the ſame at Algiers and Tripoli: And moreover, the Emperor of Morocco has offered to aſſiſt us and them in Caſe of Need. It is alſo ſaid that theſe three States have reſolved to renew their Treaties with France, and to grant that Crown ſome new Advantages in Trade, the better to ſecure ourſelves from ill Offices from that Quarter.

The laſt Letters from the Turkiſh Frontiers, next to Poland and Tranſilvania, unanimouſly confirm, that large Bodies of Troops arrive there ſucceſſively from the diſtant Provinces of the Ottoman Empire, and that they have enough already to form a powerful Army this Spring, if the Grand Signior thinks fit. Theſe Letters likewiſe obſerve, that the late Changes in the Ottoman Miniſtry are far from being favourable to their Neighbours, the new High Admiral, High Treaſurer, and Secretary of the Grand Vizir, being leſs inclined to Peace than their Predeceſſors were."

March 30. The Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations, to whom the Memorial of the Marquis de Mirepoix, relating to the Iſland of St. Martin was referr'd, have reported, That it does not appear to them that the Crown has any Right or Pretenſion to the Property of that Iſland; and as to the Engliſh having taken Poſſeſſion of Part of the ſaid Iſland, it muſt be conſidered only as a natural Incident in Time of War. Whereupon the Court has ſent Orders to the Earl of Albemarle, to impart this Report to the French Court, and declare to the Miniſtry, that Orders ſhall be immediately ſent over to America, for cauſing the ſaid Iſland to be evacuated by the Engliſh that may be found therein, and procuring a proper Indemnification for the Subjects of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, whenever they come to take Poſſeſſion of their old Settlements there.——

April 4. It is ſaid that a Propoſal has been made to his Grace the Duke of Atholl, who is Proprietor of the Iſle of Man, for the Purchaſe thereof, in Order to annex the ſame to the Crown of Great Britain, great Inconveniencies having been found to ariſe from its being alienated; for it is aſſerted, that at preſent it ſerves for a Storehouſe or Magazine to the French for Wines, Teas, &c. they running the ſame from thence to England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland; and that the Loſs to this Nation, as the Gains to the French, are thereby inexpreſſibly great. The late Purchaſe by the Crown of the hereditary Juriſdictions in Scotland, and the Benefits already evident therefrom, as well as the Example of the French King, who lately gave an immenſe Price to the Belle Iſle Family for the Purchaſe of the Iſland of that Name, is urged to evince the Expedience of entering into ſuch an Agreement at preſent; to which, it is ſaid, his Grace who was always zealous to promote his Country's Welfare and Happineſs, is not averſe.

We hear that ſeventy Perſons, from four Years old to forty, have been inoculated at the Small-Pox Hoſpital, none of which have died; the laſt Set of Patients amounted in Number to eighteen; and there are now eighteen more taken in for the ſame Purpoſe.

By Letters from Mr. Shaſtoe, his Britannick Majeſty's Conſul at Cagliari, in the Kingdom of Sardinia, there is Advice, that a Ship, hoiſting Engliſh Colours, coming into that Port, in diſtreſſed Condition, and giving but an indifferent Account of herſelf, he had cauſed her to be ſeized, in the Name of the King his Maſter; and that, upon Examination, it proves to be the John, of Newcaſtle, and was freighted with 1000 Quarters of Wheat ever ſince the Year 1743, by Mr. Jonathan Collyer, jun. Merchant in London, and bound for Genoa; but by the Roguery of the Captain, never arrived at her intended Port, he having run away with the Ship, and ſold the Cargo at other Places. She has been given over for loſt ſeveral Years, and never was heard of 'til now. Proper Meaſures are taking by the ſaid Gentleman, to have the Captain ſecured, in Order to be ſent over to England, where it is hoped he will meet with the juſt Reward of his Villainy.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, March 26.

"Among other good Regulations lately made in the Netherlands, we hear, that the Magiſtrates of Antwerp have decreed there ſhall be for the future no more than twelve Apothecaries in that City, as judging ſuch a Number ſufficient to diſpatch all the Inhabitants, were the Place even as populous as Paris or London. The Imperial Court has obtained of the Pope an Indulto, for taxing the Revenues of Eccleſiaſticks in the Auſtrian Netherlands, in Order to defray certain extraordinary Expences of the Government. From the Frontiers of France, particularly on the Side of Alſace, we hear, that the French continue to fill their Magazines, with all Sorts of Proviſions and warlike Stores. And from Madrid we are told, that they are very diligent in remounting their Cavalry."

The King of Spain has iſſued an Order, that all Engliſh Goods that ſhall be imported into his Kingdom ſhall pay one Half the Duty they uſed to pay.

They write from Paris, that the Britiſh and French Courts have agreed upon the Meaſures to be purſued, relative to their Poſſeſſions in America, and have accordingly diſpatched Orders to their reſpective Governors and Commandants in thoſe Parts, to behave towards each other in ſuch a Manner as becomes friendly Powers, and carefully to obviate every Thing that might alter the good Underſtanding ſo happily ſubſiſting between the two Crowns.——The ſame Advices take Notice, that Marſhal Lowendahl is returned to Dreſden from Poland, and that he is to remain ſome Time at the Saxon Court, in Order to thwart underhand, as they ſurmiſe, the Negociation of Sir Charles Hanbury Williams.

NEW-YORK, June 3.

Thurſday laſt arrived here in the Schooner Trial, Capt. Duthy, from South-Carolina, the Hon. William Bull, Jun. Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Council for that Province, with ſix Sachems of the Catawba Nation of Indians, whoſe Dwelling is on the Borders of that Government; who are come here in Order to accompany his Excellency our Governor to Albany, when he goes to meet the Six Nations of Indians there; and, as we hear, with a Deſign to conclude and cement a League of Friendſhip with them.

WILLIAMSBURG, July 4.

The *Elizabeth*, *Purdie*, is arrived from *London*; but, having had a long Paſſage, brings no News.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO be SOLD, by the Subſcriber in *Williamſburg*, very reaſonably, a large Parcel of Men's ſuperfine Cloth Cloaths, ready made.

James Cocke.

LOST out of my Pocket, the 25th or 26th of *June* laſt, a ſmall Bundle of Papers, (endorſed *Glouceſter* Papers) in which was a proteſted Bill of Exchange, drawn by *John Buſhell*, payable to Col. *George Braxton*, a Note of Hand, due to *George Braxton*, jun. from *Richard Hopkins*, and ſeveral Accounts due to the ſaid *Braxton*. Any Perſon that finds them, and gives Notice thereof, will very much oblige

Their humble Servant,

George Brooke.

THE Subſcriber, from *London*, who lately lived in *York* Town, being removed to *Peterſburg*, on *Appamattox*, has brought over a large Aſſortment of Materials for carrying on the Trade of a Taylor; alſo a large Aſſortment of Hair, and Materials for Perukemaking. This is to acquaint all Gentlemen and others, that they ſhall be ſerv'd after the beſt and neweſt Faſhions: And Perukemakers may be ſupply'd with Hairs, ready prepared, and other Materials, cheaper than they can poſſibly import them, as I was on the Spot, and purchaſed them myſelf at very low Prices. I have alſo a compleat Workman, from *London*, that cleans all Sort of Gentlemens or Ladies Cloaths, either Woollen or Silk. All Perſons inclinable to apply to me, may depend on being faithfully ſerv'd, by

Their moſt humble Servant,

Robert Hutchings.

N. B. I have alſo a large Aſſortment of Drugs, ſuch as *Bateman's*, *Daffy's*, *Squire's*, and *Griffin's* Tincture, *Bateman's* Oil, *Godfrey's* Cordial, *Anderſon's* Pills, *Bateman's* Drops, *Stoughton's* Drops, and Univerſal Balſam, with printed Directions how to uſe them: To be Sold, at a low Price.

R. H.

THE

THE Ship *Seaborch*, Capt. *Thomas Hazlewood*, Burthen upwards of 300 Tun, a good Veſſel, lying at *Hobbs's-Hole*, *Rappahannock*, will take in Tobacco, with Liberty of Conſignment, to any Merchant in *London*, at 6 *l. per* Ton Freight. Any Perſon inclinable to ſhip, may leave their Notes with *Tom's Poole*, Eſq; at *York*, Mr. *Simſon* in *Mobjack-Bay*, at *Hobbs's-Hole*, Mr. *John Blair*, Jun. at *Williamſburg*, or the Captain on Board.

3

TAKEN up by the Subſcriber, living in *King William* County, within ſix Miles of *Claiborne's* Ferry, a large, black, bob-tail Horſe, his Hind Feet white, not branded, ſome white on his Back, and on his Forehead, and paces well: He came to my Houſe on the 27th Day of *May* laſt. And a ſmall grey Mare came to my Houſe the 12th of *December* laſt, ſhe is branded on the near Buttock A, and ſeems to be old: Likewiſe a Bay Horſe, ſhe is branded on the near Buttock S. The Owners may have them again, on applying to me, and paying the Charge of this Advertiſement.

Martin Palmer.

July 4, 1751.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Hanover* County, on the 10th Day of *June* laſt, a Convict Servant Man, named *Hugh Dean*, about 21 Years of Age, of a middle Stature, very much pitted with the Small-pox, has a roguiſh Look, pretends to be a *German*, but is thought to be an *Iriſhman*; he plays well on the Violin, is a great Drunkard, ſays he was brought up a Refiner of Metals, a Clymiſt, and a Doctor; he pretends to underſtand all Sorts of Metal, and talks of ſeveral Countries; he was ſeen on *Rappahannock* River the 18th of *June*, near *Port-Royal*: Therefore all Maſters of Veſſels are hereby forewarn'd from taking him on Board. Had on when he went away, a Cotton and Jacket with Braſs Buttons, a blue and white ditto, a brown Linen Shirt, Leather Breeches, Shoes, and Stockings, a large Felt Hat, and his own long brown Hair.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Run-away, and deal with him according to Law, ſo that I may have him again, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

Morgan Graves.

2

WHEREAS ſome People have raiſed an Objection againſt the *Bellow's* Lottery, That they apprehend it will be a long Time before Adventurers as live remote will know their Succeſs, and conſequently be under Difficulties in demanding their Prizes before the Time is elapſed; to obviate which the Managers give this publick Notice, that as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, they will cauſe it in the *Virginia* and *Maryland Gazettes*, an exact Liſt of all the Numbers that have turned out Prizes, with the Amount of the Prize oppoſite to each Number, by which every fortunate Adventurer will know the Sum he is entitled to receive.

June 27, 1751.

TO be SOLD, for ready Money, on *Tueſday* the 9th of *September* next, in the Borough of *Norfolk*, upwards of Twenty Pipes of choice Madeira Wine, belonging to the Eſtate of *Mr. Duncan Ruſh*, deceaſed, by his Executors.

Robert Tucker,
Chriſtopher Perſon.

3

Juſt IMPORTED from LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of curious Toys for Children, Pictures, Mezzotintoes and cuſtom Prints, with ſeveral other Things, at my Houſe, oppoſite to the Church in *Yorktown*.

And, as I have furniſhed a Couple of Rooms, for private Lodging in General Court Time, any Gentlemen that will apply to me may depend on meeting with civil Uſage, by

Their humble Servant,

George Wells.

3

June 27, 1751.

STRAY'D from the Subſcriber in *Williamſburg*, the 21ſt Day of this inſtant, a well-made light Grey Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder thus, he has a Switch Tail and hanging Mane, and paces very well. Whoever brings him to me, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward.

Joſeph Turner.

THE Snow *Denniſtown*, Capt. *Patrick Carnegy*, now lying at *Littlebrant*, will take in Tobacco for *Briſtol*, with Liberty of Conſignment, at 6 *l. per* Ton. Any Gentlemen inclinable to ſhip, may leave their Notes for Orders with *James Poſtle*, Eſq; at *York*, Mr. *Duncan Graham*, Merchant, in *Newcaſtle*, Mr. *John Tyndall*, Merchant, in *Williamſburg*, or with the Captain on Board.

THE Ship *Alſerton*, belonging to Mr. *John Hardman*, of *Liverpool*, *James Wallace*, Maſter, now lying at *Berkley*, in *James River*, deſigning to take in Tobacco, for *Liverpool*, at 7 *l. per* Ton, with Liberty of Conſignment. Any Gentleman inclinable to ſhip, pleaſe to ſend their Notes, or Orders, to Mr. *David Jamſon* in *York*, Mr. *John Hardman* in *Williamſburg*, Mr. *Benjamin Hatley* and Capt. *Thomas Dyer*, in *King William*, Mr. *Thomas Atchiſon* in *Richmond*, Mr. *David Bell* in *Warwick*, Mr. *Charles Turnbull* in *Petersburg*, or to the ſaid Maſter, who will attend the Courts.

N. B. Thoſe Gentlemen who are pleaſed to conſign their Tobacco to Mr. *John Hardman*, may depend on having their Goods in Return, delivered, free of Charge, at the moſt convenient Landings to them.

June 18, 1751.

RAN away from one of the Subſcriber's Quarters on *Sappone*, in *Prince George* County, 14 or 15 Weeks ago, a Mulattoe Man Slave, named *Tom*, 25 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, thin faced, and buſhy Hair, if not cut off; he is very apt to ſtutter when he ſpeaks, or is ſpoken to; had on an old dark Puſſian Coat, with plain yellow Metal Buttons: Hath been ſeveral Times taken up, and eſcaped again before he could be deliver'd to the Quarter whereunto he belong'd; and the laſt Time ſhackled, Handcuffed, and an Iron Collar about his Neck, with Prongs, and to ſome of them Links. Whoever will deliver him to me, in *Charles-City* County, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides what the Law allows; and if brought from any great Diſtance a farther Reward, ſuitable to the Trouble, by

John Stith.

N. B. It is ſuſpected he will endeavour to eſcape on Board ſome Veſſel.

To be SOLD,

A LOT, in the City of *Williamſburg*, with a good Dwelling-Houſe thereon, a Brick Kitchen, Store, Stable, Coach-Houſe, Smoak-Houſe, Dairy, beſides ſeveral other convenient Out-Houſes: Likewiſe 500 Acres of Land in *King William* County, with a new Quarter, Barn, and other Out-Houſes; there is new Ground cleared to work ſix or eight Hands. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *James Cock* in *Williamſburg*, or to the Subſcriber in *Surry* County.

All Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, as ſoon as poſſible, to Mr. *James Cock*,

David Long.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Store kept by the Subſcriber, at Col. *Richard Kennon's*, in *Charles-City*, are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts, immediately, as it is now broke up; ſuch as are not prepar'd to diſcharge their Ballances in full, it's hop'd they will not be againſt giving Bond.

William Barker.

Williamſburg, June 20, 1751.

WHEREAS ſome Perſon hath enticed a young Negroe Girl of mine, to ſteal curled Hair, and other Materials for Chairs from me, and ſell it them; and as her Evidence againſt them is of no Uſe, I do hereby offer a Reward of Twenty Piſtoles, for the Diſcovery of the ſaid Perſon, to be paid, immediately, on their Conviction.

James Sparks.

Williamſburg, June 20, 1751.

THE Subſcriber having a great many Watches, repair'd by him upwards of Twelve Months, and not knowing the Owners, thoſe are to acquaint them (as I can't be out of my Money) if they don't take them away ſpeedily, and pay for repairing of them, they ſhall be apprais'd and ſold according to Law. Any Perſon that will bring to my Shop, or Dwelling-houſe, broken Gold, Silver, old Silver or Gold Lace, old Braſs or Copper, may have in Exchange, Gold, Silver, Clock and Watch Work, or Caſh, paid them by

Samuel Cole.

N. B. Any Servant or Slave, bringing any of the above Articles to me, may not expect Payment for them, 'til they bring me a Note from their reſpective Maſter or Miſtreſs, or ſome free Perſon of Repute.

June 22, 1751.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *King George* County, on the 29th of *April* laſt, a Servant Man, named *William Thomas*, about 4 Feet 8 Inches high, of a ſwarthy Complection; had on when he went away, an old blue Jacket, a brown Linen Shirt, and long Breeches: He pretends to be a Plumbing-boy, and is ſuppoſ'd to have made for *Hampton*. Whoever will bring him to me, on *Cleve's Brave Dunes* in the ſaid County, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

Joſiah Burke.

3

April 8, 1751.

STRAY'D from the Subſcriber, living near *Jordan's* Bridge, on little *Nottoway* River, in *Amelia* County, a ſmall Black Horſe, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, branded M, he is docked, has a very thick hanging Mane, has by Time paſt been trimm'd, but was much grown, and has had a ſore Back, which was near well when he went away; he paces but common as he goes loſe; he went from the *Spring Swamp* Chapel, in *Albemarle* Parish, *Surry* County, with a middle-ſiz'd knocking Bell, on a tann'd Leather Collar, buckled and tied with a String.

Whoever will bring him to me, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides Ferriages paid (if there be any) for Horſe and Man, by me

James Anderſon.

6

A Parcel of *European* Goods, juſt imported, and well aſſorted, to be SOLD, by Wholeſale, very reaſonably, at *Gloceſter* Town.

Thomas Whiting.

York, June 20, 1751.

THE Subſcriber gives this publick Notice, That he intends to go to *England* in the *Pretty Sally*, Capt. *Johnſon*.

Edward Moir.

3

Stafford, June 1, 1751.

THE Veſtry of *Overwharton* Pariſh, in the County of *Stafford*, having come to a Reſolution to build a large Brick Church, of about 3000 Square Feet in the Clear, near the Head of *Aquia* Creek, where the old Church now ſtands. Notice is hereby given, That the Veſtry will meet at the ſaid Place, to let the ſame, on *Thurſday* the 5th Day of *September* next, if fair, if not the next fair Day. All Perſons inclinable to undertake it are deſired to come then, and give in their Plans and Propoſals.

Benjamin Strother,
Peter Daniel, } Churchwardens.

6

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber, living in Prince George *County, on the Premiſſes,*

FOURTEEN Hundred Acres of Land, containing both valuable high and low Grounds, affords good Water, good Paſturage, and is well timber'd with large Oak, Pine and Poplar, whereon are three good Plantations, in good Order for Cropping; and the Manor Plantation is a very handſome Situation, with the following Conveniencies, *viz.* One Dwelling-houſe 38 by 20, containing 4 Rooms and 4 Cloſets, with a Brick Chimney, plaiſter'd and white-waſh'd, alſo another Dwelling-houſe 38 by 18, with a Stack of Chimneys in the Middle, 2 Rooms on a Floor, and a large Cloſet, plaiſter'd and white-waſh'd, a good Dairy, Meat-houſe, Smoak-houſe, Kitchen, Quarter, Spinning-houſe with a Brick Chimney, one 40 and one 32 Feet Tobacco Houſes, a large well-fix'd Store, with ſeveral other convenient Houſes and Orchards; and on each of the other Plantations are two 32 Feet Tobacco Houſes, an Overſeer's Houſe, and Negroe Quarters, likewiſe Orchards, and good Water.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſſes.

t. f.

Thomas Eldridge.

RAN away from the Subſcriber's Plantation, in *Prince George* County, in *December* laſt, a Servant Man, named *Ralph Edward Rider*, a Gardner by Trade, and lately belonged to Col. *Nathaniel Harriſon*, of *Brandon*; he is a well-ſet, ſmooth-faced Fellow, about five Feet five Inches high; has an inſinuating, fawning Way of expreſſing himſelf, and is much addicted to Lying; an *Engliſhman* born, and pretends to be a Roman Catholick; had on when he went away, a browniſh coloured Coat with Metal Buttons, a Hat, and a brown bob Wig, but ſometimes went without a Wig, having ſhort fair Hair; had with him both white and check'd Shirts; and is ſuppoſ'd to be gone to the *Northward*, having been ſeen in *New-Kent* County ſome Time after his Elopement.

Whoever takes up and conveys him to me, ſhall have Five Piſtoles Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

t. f.

John Hood.

June 13, 1751.

STRAY'D from *Williamſburg*, about the latter End of *February*, a middle ſiz'd, ſprightly, dark Grey Horſe, branded on one of his Buttocks with a Croſs; has a Wall Eye, trots and gallops hard, and paces ſlow.

Whoever will bring him to me in *Williamſburg*, or inform me where he may be had, ſhall receive a Piſtole Reward.

William Hunter.

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